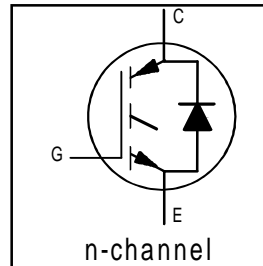


# IRG4PSC71UD

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE UltraFast CoPack IGBT

## Features

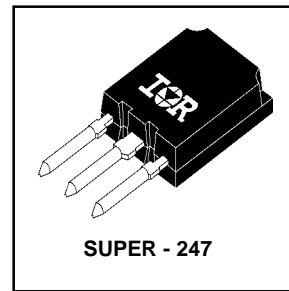
- Generation 4 IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency (minimum switching and conduction losses) than prior generations
- IGBT co-packaged with HEXFRED ultrafast, ultrasoft recovery anti-parallel diodes for use in bridge configurations
- Industry-benchmark Super-247 package with higher power handling capability compared to same footprint TO-247
- Creepage distance increased to 5.35mm



$V_{CES} = 600V$   
 $V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 1.67V$   
 @  $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 60A$

## Benefits

- Generation 4 IGBT's offer highest efficiencies available
- Maximum power density, twice the power handling of TO-247, less space than TO-264
- IGBTs optimized for specific application conditions
- HEXFRED diodes optimized for performance with IGBTs
- Cost and space saving in designs that require multiple, paralleled IGBTs



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	85 <sup>⑤</sup>	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	60	
$I_{CM}$	Pulsed Collector Current <sup>①</sup>	200	
$I_{LM}$	Clamped Inductive Load Current <sup>②</sup>	200	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	60	
$I_{FM}$	Diode Maximum Forward Current	350	
$V_{GE}$	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	350	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	140	
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	

## Thermal Resistance\ Mechanical

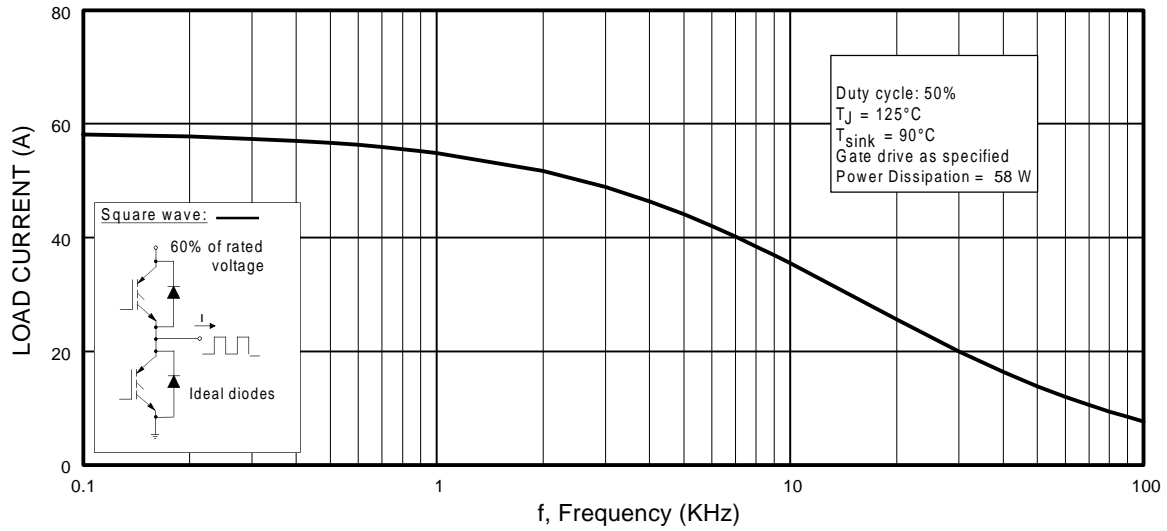
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	—	—	0.36	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	—	—	0.69	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	—	—	38	
	Recommended Clip Force	20.0(2.0)	—	—	N (kgf)
	Weight	—	6 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

**Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)**

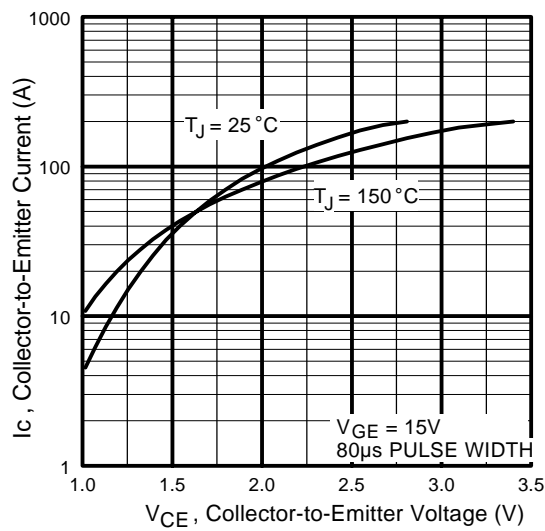
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage <sup>③</sup>	600	—	—	V	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 250μA
ΔV <sub>(BR)CES</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.39	—	V/°C	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, I <sub>C</sub> = 10mA
V <sub>CE(on)</sub>	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.67	2.0	V	I <sub>C</sub> = 60A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V
		—	1.95	—		I <sub>C</sub> = 100A
		—	1.71	—		I <sub>C</sub> = 60A, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 250μA
ΔV <sub>GE(th)</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-13	—	mV/°C	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>GE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 1.5mA
g <sub>fe</sub>	Forward Transconductance <sup>④</sup>	47	70	—	S	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V, I <sub>C</sub> = 60A
I <sub>CES</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	500	μA	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600V
		—	—	13	mA	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 600V, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
V <sub>FM</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.4	1.7	V	I <sub>C</sub> = 60A
		—	1.3	—		I <sub>C</sub> = 60A, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C
I <sub>GES</sub>	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±100	nA	V <sub>GE</sub> = ±20V

**Switching Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)**

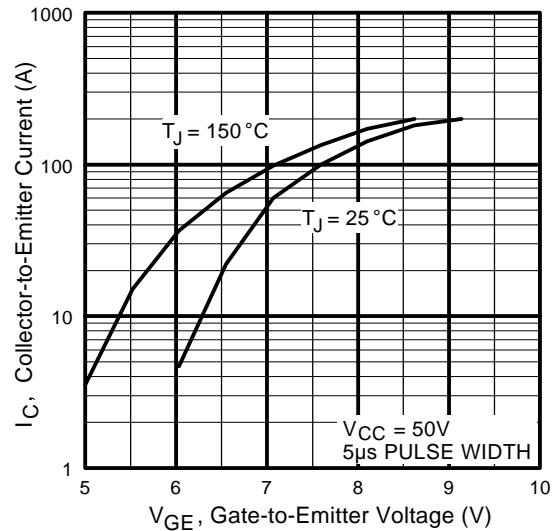
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	340	520	nC	I <sub>C</sub> = 60A
Q <sub>ge</sub>	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	44	66		V <sub>CC</sub> = 400V
Q <sub>gc</sub>	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	160	240		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	—	90	—	ns	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	—	94	—		I <sub>C</sub> = 60A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 480V
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	245	368		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, R <sub>G</sub> = 5.0Ω
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time	—	110	167		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	3.26	—	mJ	See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	2.27	—		
E <sub>ts</sub>	Total Switching Loss	—	5.53	7.2		
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	—	91	—	ns	T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C, See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	—	88	—		I <sub>C</sub> = 60A, V <sub>CC</sub> = 480V
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	353	—		V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, R <sub>G</sub> = 5.0Ω
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time	—	150	—		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E <sub>ts</sub>	Total Switching Loss	—	7.1	—	mJ	
L <sub>E</sub>	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C <sub>ies</sub>	Input Capacitance	—	7500	—	pF	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V
C <sub>oes</sub>	Output Capacitance	—	720	—		V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V
C <sub>res</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	93	—		f = 1.0MHz
t <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	82	120	ns	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C See Fig. 14
		—	140	210		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
I <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	8.2	12	A	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C See Fig. 15
		—	13	20		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	364	546	nC	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C See Fig. 16
		—	1084	1625		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
di <sub>(rec)M</sub> /dt During t <sub>b</sub>	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery	—	328	—	A/μs	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C See Fig. 17
		—	266	—		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C



**Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency**  
(Load Current =  $I_{RMS}$  of fundamental)



**Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics**  
www.irf.com



**Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics**

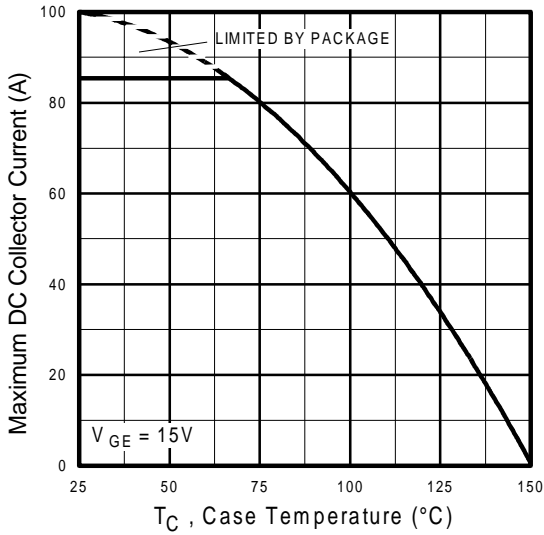


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

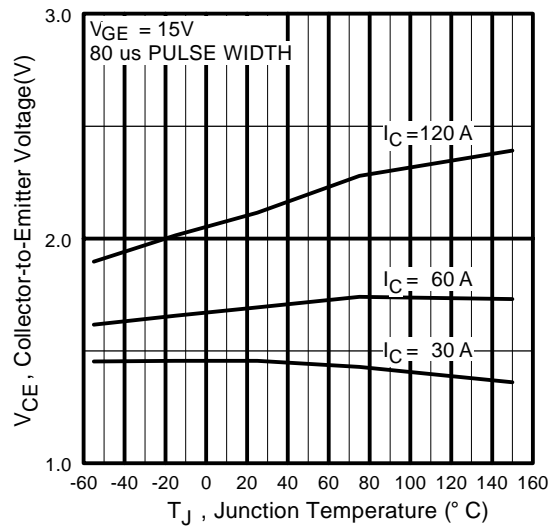


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

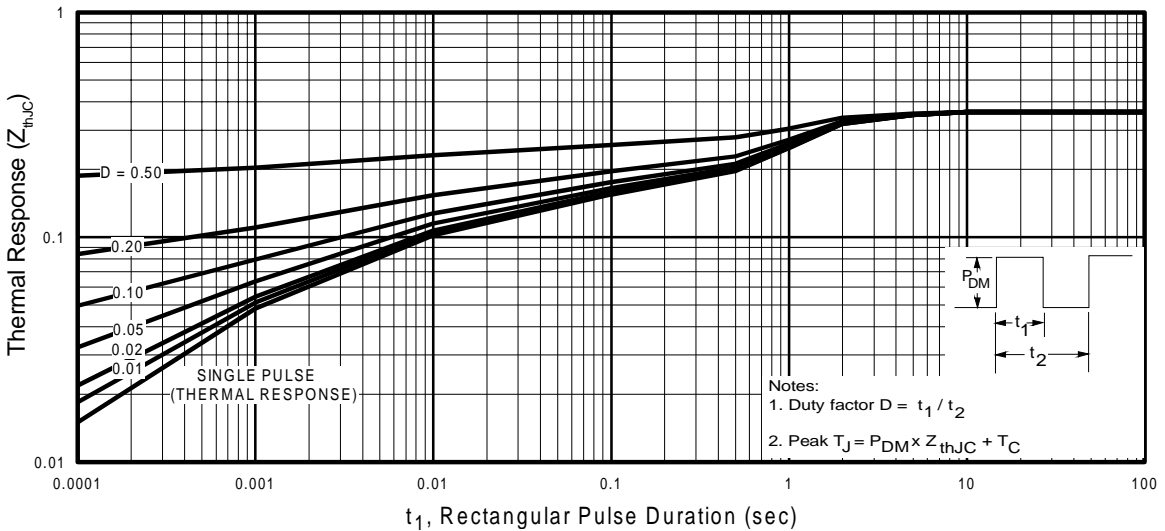


Fig. 6 - Maximum IGBT Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

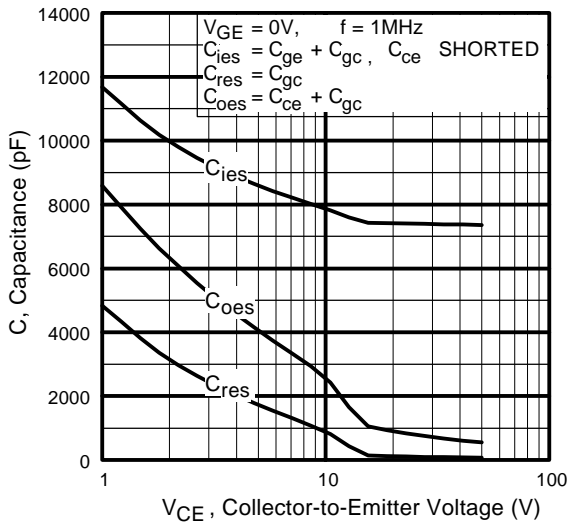


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

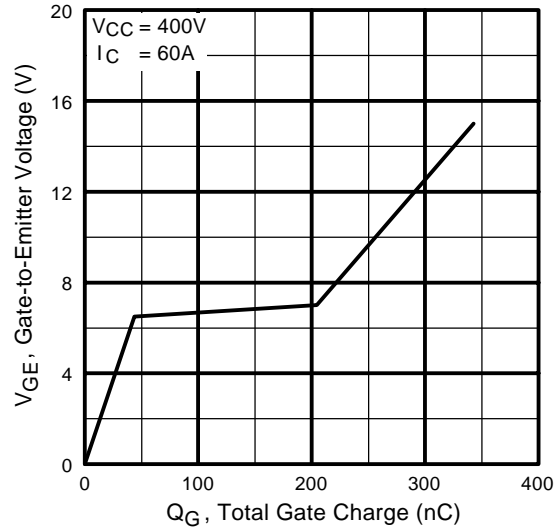


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

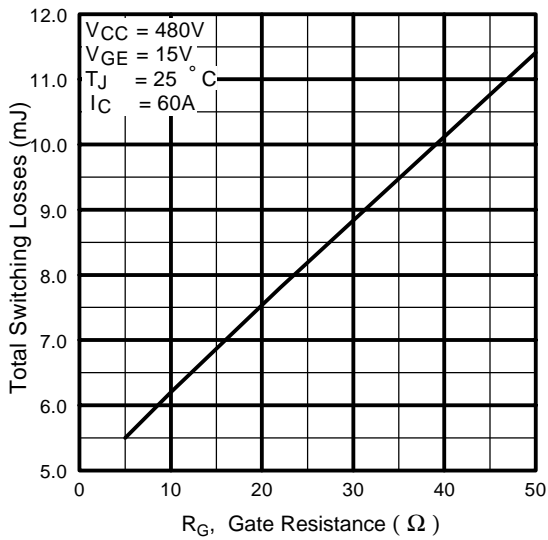


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

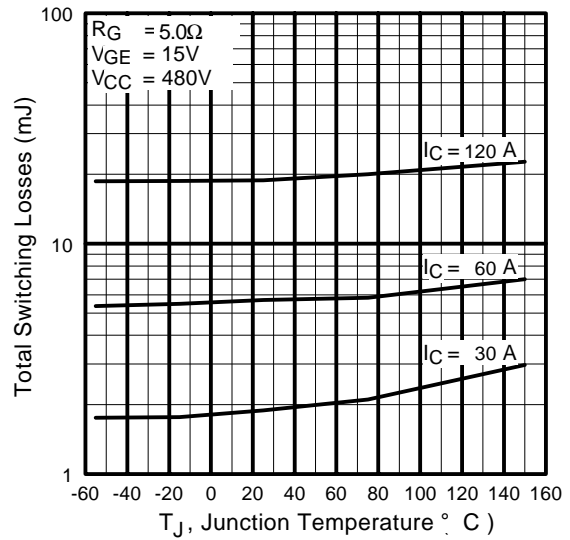
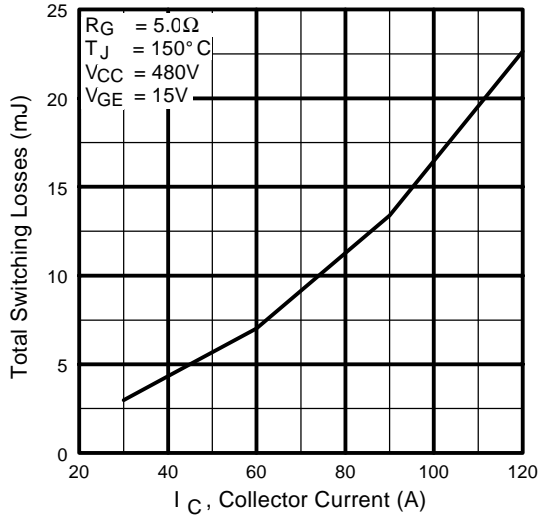


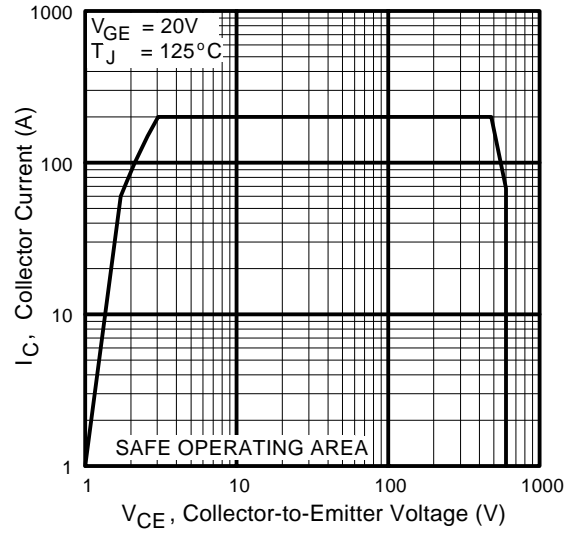
Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

# IRG4PSC71UD

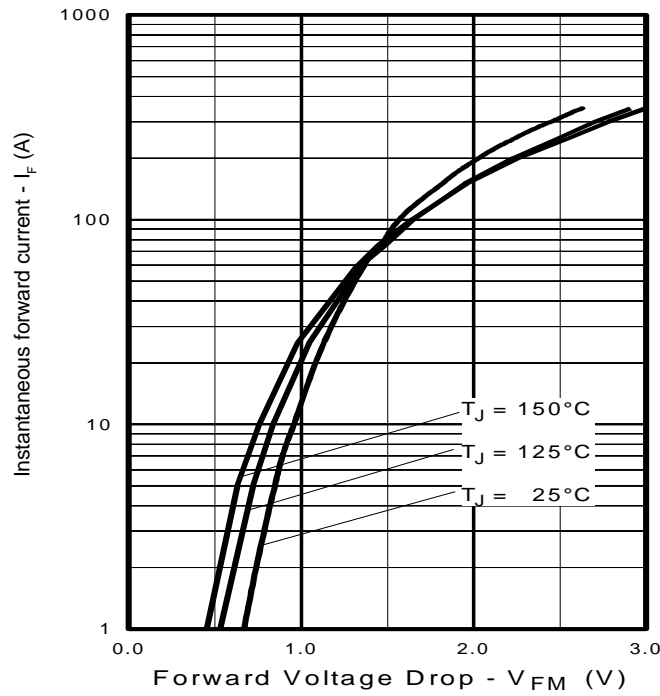
International  
**IR** Rectifier



**Fig. 11** - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current



**Fig. 12** - Turn-Off SOA



**Fig. 13** - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

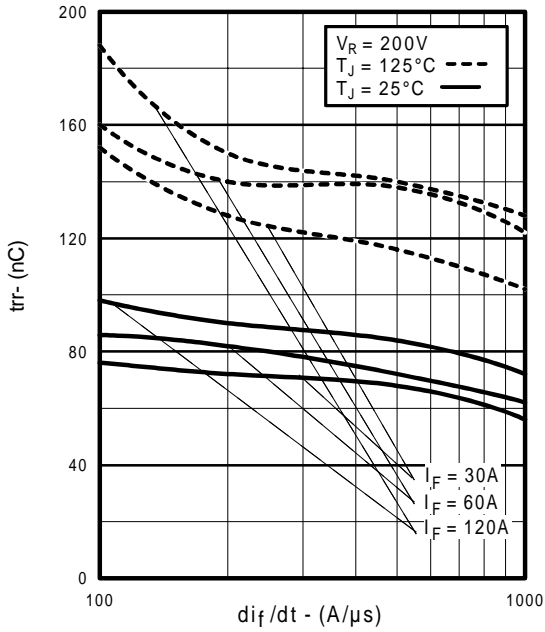


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs.  $di_f/dt$

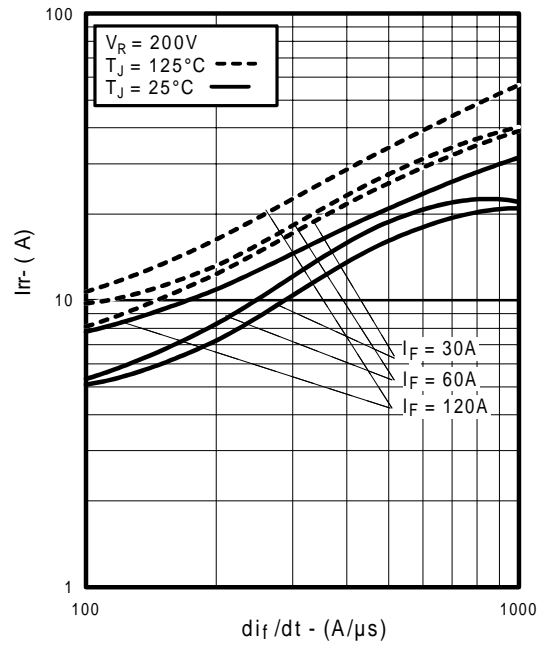


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_f/dt$

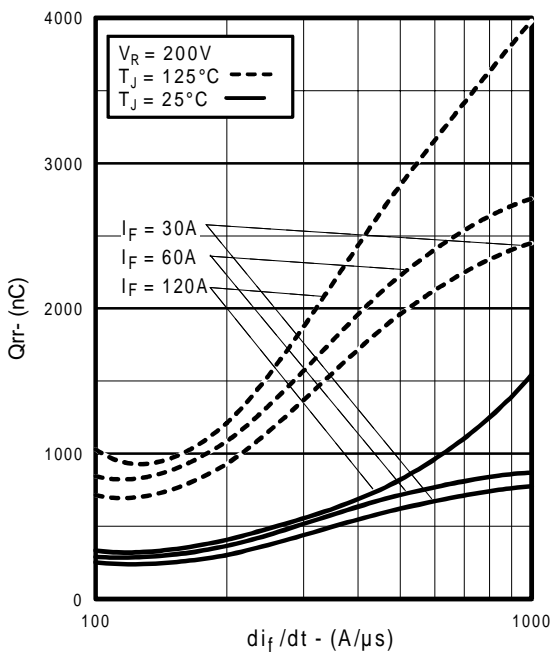


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_f/dt$   
www.irf.com

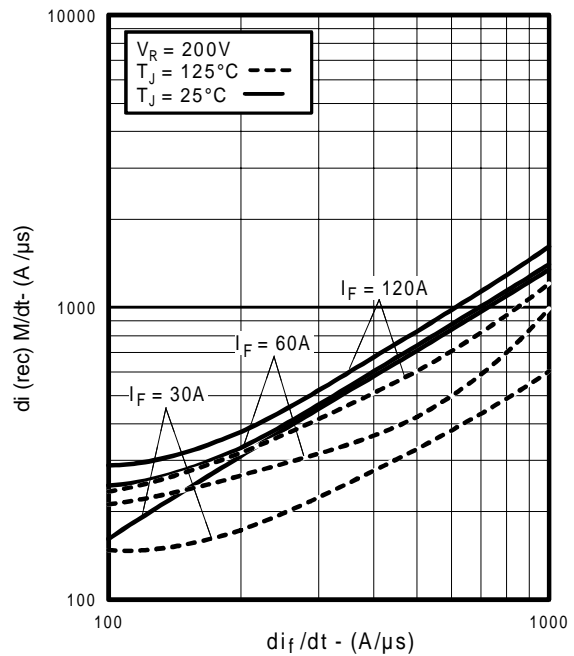
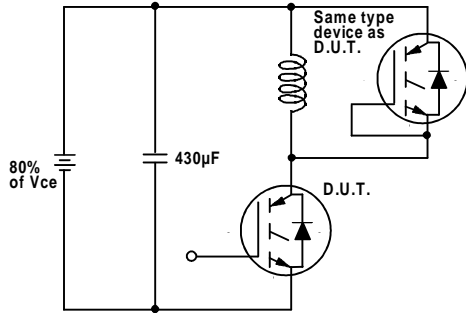
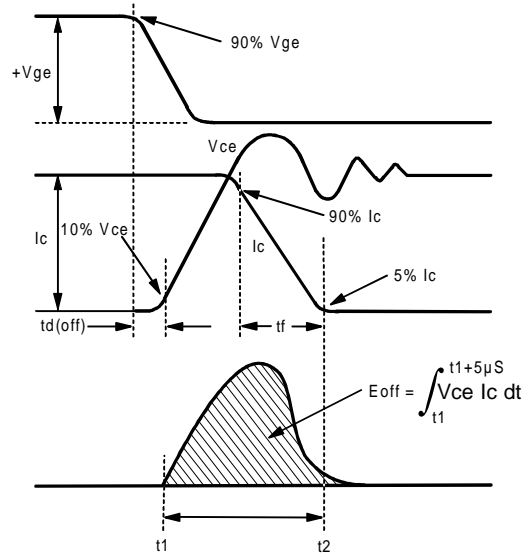


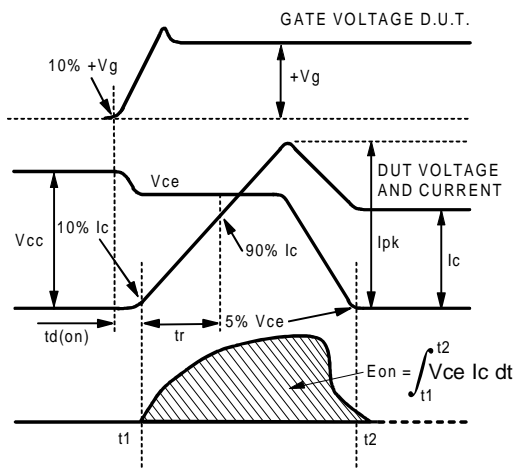
Fig. 17 - Typical  $di_{(rec)M}/dt$  vs.  $di_f/dt$



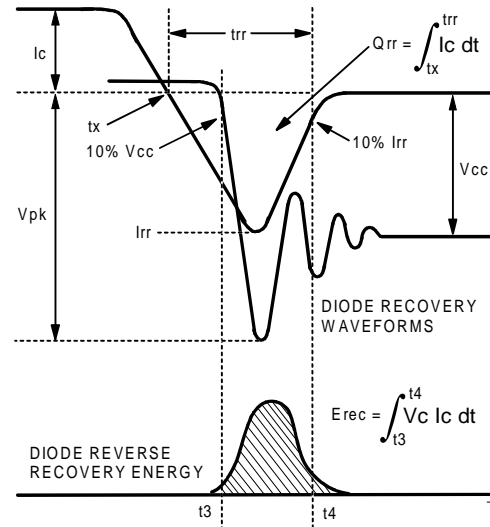
**Fig. 18a** - Test Circuit for Measurement of  $I_{LM}$ ,  $E_{on}$ ,  $E_{off(diode)}$ ,  $t_{rr}$ ,  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{rr}$ ,  $t_{d(on)}$ ,  $t_r$ ,  $t_{d(off)}$ ,  $t_f$



**Fig. 18b** - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining  $E_{off}$ ,  $t_{d(off)}$ ,  $t_f$



**Fig. 18c** - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining  $E_{on}$ ,  $t_{d(on)}$ ,  $t_r$



**Fig. 18d** - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining  $E_{rec}$ ,  $t_{rr}$ ,  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{rr}$



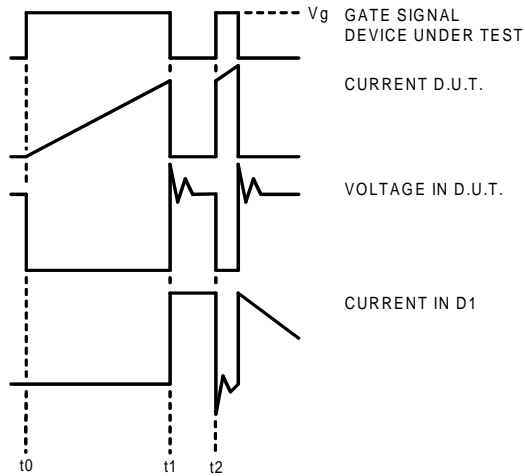


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

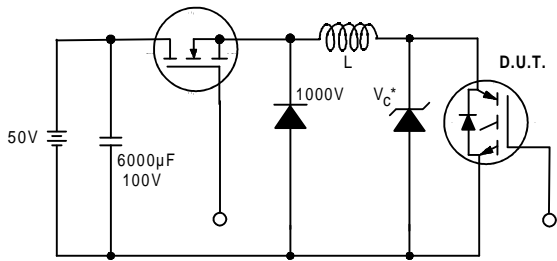


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

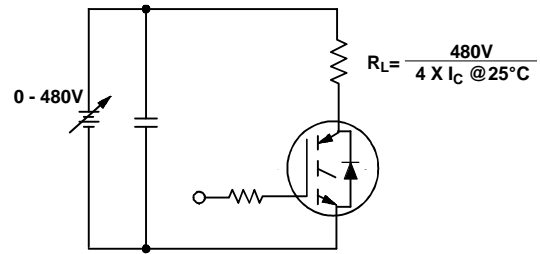


Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

# IRG4PSC71UD

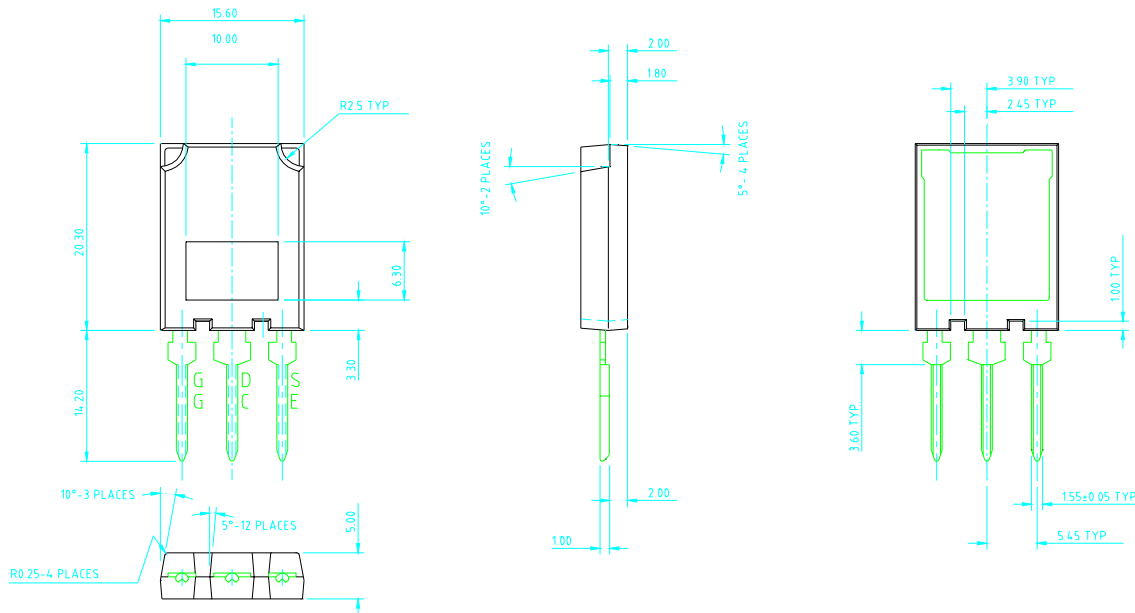
International  
**IR** Rectifier

## Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating:  $V_{GE}=20V$ ; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)
- ②  $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES})$ ,  $V_{GE}=20V$ ,  $L=10\mu H$ ,  $R_G=5.0\Omega$  (figure 19)
- ③ Pulse width  $\leq 80\mu s$ ; duty factor  $\leq 0.1\%$
- ④ Pulse width  $5.0\mu s$ , single shot
- ⑤ Current limited by the package, (Die current = 100A)

## Case Outline and Dimensions — Super-247

Dimensions are shown in millimeters



International  
**IR** Rectifier

**WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, Tel: (310) 322 3331

**IR GREAT BRITAIN:** Hurst Green, Oxted, Surrey RH8 9BB, UK Tel: ++ 44 1883 732020

**IR CANADA:** 15 Lincoln Court, Brampton, Ontario L6T3Z2, Tel: (905) 453 2200

**IR GERMANY:** Saalburgstrasse 157, 61350 Bad Homburg Tel: ++ 49 6172 96590

**IR ITALY:** Via Liguria 49, 10071 Borgaro, Torino Tel: ++ 39 11 451 0111

**IR FAR EAST:** K&H Bldg., 2F, 30-4 Nishi-Ikebukuro 3-Chome, Toshima-Ku, Tokyo Japan 171 Tel: 81 3 3983 0086

**IR SOUTHEAST ASIA:** 1 Kim Seng Promenade, Great World City West Tower, 13-11, Singapore 237994 Tel: ++ 65 838 4630

**IR TAIWAN:** 16 Fl. Suite D. 207, Sec. 2, Tun Haw South Road, Taipei, 10673, Taiwan Tel: 886-2-2377-9936

<http://www.irf.com/> Data and specifications subject to change without notice. 5/99